

# **Introduction to Scilab**

## **Use Scilab, not Matlab**

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# Outline

- ▶ **Open Source Software**
- ▶ **History of Scilab**
- ▶ **Usage of Scilab**
- ▶ **Comparing other open source software systems**



# FOSS: Free and Open Source Software

- ▶ **Commercial software is expensive**
- ▶ **Heavy penalties if unauthorised software is used by industry**
  - ▶ Stories from Italy, HLL, WIPRO
- ▶ **Our SME's don't use ANY software:**
  - ▶ commercial software is expensive
  - ▶ they are not aware of open source software
- ▶ **Makes small companies uncompetitive**
- ▶ **There is no alternative to open source software**



- ▶ A good substitute for Matlab
- ▶ About 95% compatibility



# What is Scilab?

- ▶ **Free and open source**
- ▶ **Easy to use**
- ▶ **Excellent computational environment:**
  - ▶ LINPACK, EISPACK, LAPACK: same as Matlab
  - ▶ Other software not available for Matlab: Dassl, ODEPACK, etc.



# Scilab is created for mathematicians

- ▶ **Matrices and vectors can be created easily - no typing, storage allocation, etc.**
- ▶ **Matrix-vector product, scalar-vector/matrix products are written without any fuss - like the mathematicians do**
- ▶ **Belongs to Matlab family - originally created by Prof. Cleve Moler, who had worked on Linpack and Eispack projects**



# History of Scilab

- ▶ Prof. Cleve Moler created Matlab through NSF funding
- ▶ As Government funded, source code had to be made available
- ▶ Many companies started using this idea
  - ▶ Matrix<sub>x</sub>
  - ▶ CTRL-C
  - ▶ Matlab
  - ▶ Scilab
- ▶ Used extensively for linear algebra, simulation, control system design
- ▶ Scilab - a recent story



# Scilab - other features

- ▶ Can call programs written in Fortran, C
- ▶ Good graphics capability
- ▶ Large installed base
- ▶ A lot of algorithms implemented in interpreted language as well
- ▶ Free
- ▶ Check out [www.scilab.org](http://www.scilab.org) or [www.scilab.in](http://www.scilab.in)



# How reliable is Scilab?

- ▶ CNES - France's ISRO
- ▶ CNES Arianne rockets
- ▶ CNES relies on Scilab for many critical calculations:  
trajectory, flight dynamics, orbit



# CNES Talk

- ▶ **Use of Scilab for Space Mission Analysis and Flight Dynamics Activities**
- ▶ **by Thierry Martin**
- ▶ **Senior Manager, CNES**



# Purchase of Matlab at IIT Bombay - A Story



# Usage of Scilab



# Simple Arithmetic - 1

4+6+12

```
ans =  
22.
```

a = 4, b = 6; c = 12

```
a =  
4.  
c =  
12.
```

a+b+c



# Useful Commands

- ▶ **demos**
  - ▶ Gives demos on several different things
- ▶ **apropos**
  - ▶ Helps locate commands associated with a word
- ▶ **help**
- ▶ **functional invocation with no arguments**
  - ▶ Helps draw plots
- ▶ **diary**
  - ▶ Stores all commands and resulting outputs



# Simple Arithmetic & Display

```
a = 4; b = 6; c = 12;  
d = a+b+c
```

d =  
22.

```
d = a+b+c;
```

d

d =  
22.



# Simple Arithmetic

```
x = sqrt(2)/2, y = asin(x)
```

```
x =
```

```
0.7071068
```

```
y =
```

```
0.7853982
```

```
y_deg = y * 180 /%pi
```

```
y_deg =
```

45



# Vector Operation - 2 |

```
-->a = 1:5, b = 1:2:9
```

```
a =
```

```
! 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. !
```

```
b =
```

```
! 1. 3. 5. 7. 9. !
```

```
-->c = [b a]
```

```
c =
```

```
! 1. 3. 5. 7. 9. 1. 2. !
```



# Vector Operation - 2 ||

```
-->d = [b(1:2:5) 1 0 1]
```

```
d =  
! 1. 5. 9. 1. 0. 1. !
```



# Vector Operation - 3 |

-->a, b

```
a =  
! 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. !  
b =  
! 1. 3. 5. 7. 9. !
```

-->a - 2



# Vector Operation - 3 II

```
ans  =
! - 1.      0.      1.      2.      3. !
```

-->2\*a-b

```
ans  =
!    1.      1.      1.      1.      1. !
```



# Logical Operators

$==$	<b>equal to</b>
$<$	<b>less than</b>
$>$	<b>greater than</b>
$\leq$	<b>less than or equal to</b>
$\geq$	<b>greater than or equal to</b>
$\neq$ or $\sim =$	<b>not equal to</b>



# Vector Operations Using Logical Operators I

```
-->A = 1:9, B = 9-A
```

```
A =
```

```
! 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.
```

```
B =
```

```
! 8. 7. 6. 5. 4. 3. 2.
```

```
-->tf = A==B
```



# Vector Operations Using Logical Operators II

```
tf =  
! F F F F F F F F F !
```

-->tf = A>B

```
tf =  
! F F F F T T T T T !
```



# Transpose I

```
-->c = [1;2;3]
```

```
c =
!
1.
!
2.
!
3.
```

```
-->a=1:3
```



# Transpose II

```
a =  
! 1. 2. 3. !
```

```
-->b = a'
```

```
b =  
! 1. !  
! 2. !  
! 3. !
```



# Submatrix I

```
-->A=[1 2 3;4 5 6;7 8 9]
```

A =

```
! 1. 2. 3. !
! 4. 5. 6. !
! 7. 8. 9. !
```

```
-->A(3,3)=0
```



# Submatrix II

A =

```
! 1. 2. 3. !
! 4. 5. 6. !
! 7. 8. 0. !
```



# Submatrix I

A

A =

!	1.	2.	3. !
!	4.	5.	6. !
!	7.	8.	0. !

-->B=A(3:-1:1,1:3)



# Submatrix II

B =

```
! 7. 8. 0. !
! 4. 5. 6. !
! 1. 2. 3. !
```



# Submatrix

-->A

A =

```
! 1. 2. 3. !
! 1. 4. 7. !
! 7. 8. 0. !
```

-->B=A(:,2)

B =

```
! 2. !
! 4. !
! 8. !
```



# Submatrix I

```
-->b=[5 -3;2 -4]
```

```
b =  
! 5. - 3. !  
! 2. - 4. !
```

```
-->x=abs(b)>2
```



# Submatrix II

```
x =  
! T T !  
! F T !
```

```
-->y=b(abs(b)>2)
```

```
y =  
! 5. !  
! - 3. !  
! - 4. !
```



# Special Matrices I

```
-->zeros(3,3)
```

```
ans =  
! 0. 0. 0. !  
! 0. 0. 0. !  
! 0. 0. 0. !
```

```
-->ones(2,4)
```



# Special Matrices II

```
ans  =
!
  1.    1.    1.    1. !
!
  1.    1.    1.    1. !
```

-->rand(2,1)

```
ans  =
!
  0.2113249 !
!
  0.7560439 !
```



# Go for Vector Computation



# Go for Vector Computation |

```
-->a = ones(10000,1);  
-->timer()
```

```
ans  =  
0.02
```

```
-->for i = 1:10000, b(i)=a(i)+a(i); end  
-->timer()
```



# Go for Vector Computation II

```
ans  =
    0.31
```

```
-->c = a+a;
-->timer()
```

```
ans  =
    0.03
```



# Plots

Go through the **Demos!**



# Comparing Matlab and Scilab

- ▶ **Capability comparison - a correct question?**
- ▶ **Is Matlab required for class students?**
- ▶ **Matlab and versions**
- ▶ **Mathworks: 2,000 employees**
- ▶ **Scilab: 23 full time employees**



# Hardware Interfacing through FOSS

- ▶ **Scilab**
  - ▶ Xcos, HART, COMEDI
- ▶ **GNURadio**



# Scilab for Hardware Interfacing

- ▶ COMEDI has device drivers for 150 A/D and Digital I/O cards
- ▶ We can call ALL of them from Scilab
  - ▶ Using Xcos ( $\simeq$  Simulink), HART
- ▶ Devices not in COMEDI, but with C drivers
- ▶ Devices without device drivers



# GNURadio for Hardware Interfacing

- ▶ **Open source software**
- ▶ **Uses C++ and Python**
- ▶ **Can call OpenCV**
- ▶ **Has graphic front end**
  - ▶ Has sliders, etc. - allows change of parameters in real time
- ▶ **Calling Scilab functions from GNURadio**
- ▶ **Calling Xcos functions from GNURadio**
  - ▶ LabView does not allow Simulink calls!



# Control of Single Board Heater System through Scilab and GNURadio



# Thanks

